

Verification and Calibration (Instructor-Led Training)

Course Description

This course covers how and why keeping a flow metering system within specifications requires a program of calibration and verification.

Course Prerequisites

- GTA Instructor-Led Training
 - Orifice Meters
 - Ultrasonic Meters
 - Turbine Meters
 - PD Meters
 - Coriolis Meters
 - Cone-Type Meters
 - Gas Quality Measurement
 - Gas Flow Computers

Course Objectives

Upon completion of this course, the student will have received instruction designed to assist him/her in the following:

- Define the purpose of verification and calibration, including the importance of traceability.
- Present API 21.1 recommendations for calibration and verification.
- Present cost advantages of calibrations.
- Describe what devices on a meter system are calibrated.
- Describe frequency and the basis for routine calibrations, including calibration history trends.
- Describe why flow meter performance changes over time.
- Describe methods or options for calibration of pressure, temperature, differential pressure, EFM, and gas chromatographs.
- Describe three natural gas calibration facilities and their unique characteristics.
- Describe a typical calibration process for orifice, ultrasonic, and turbine flow meters, and key considerations to be taken into account when calibrating the meters.
- Interpret calibration curves for, ultrasonic, and turbine flow meters.

Course Outline

1. Verification and Calibration
 - a. Purpose for Calibration
 - b. Cost of Bias
 - c. What Gets Calibrated?
 - d. Traceability
 - e. National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program
 - f. UKAS Laboratory Accreditation
2. Frequency of Calibration
 - a. Current Calibration Practices
 - b. Benefits of Calibration History
 - c. Why Flow Meter Performance Changes Over Time
3. Calibration Options
 - a. Calibration of Secondary Instrumentation
 - b. Electronic Instrumentation
 - c. Typical Specifications
 - d. Operating Principle
 - e. Calibration of EFM Devices
 - f. Calibration Procedures
 - g. Calibration of Gas Chromatographs
4. Orifice, Ultrasonic, and Turbine Meter Calibration
 - a. Ultrasonic Meter
 - b. Turbine Meter
 - c. AGA Report No. 7, Measurement of Natural Gas by Turbine Meter (2006) has information on installation and performance requirements for gas turbine meters.
 - d. Why Flow Calibrate Orifice Meters?
 - e. General Considerations for all Meter Calibrations
5. Transfer Proving

Recommended Resources

- GTA Verification and Calibration Participant Guide and Instructor Presentation.
- API MPMS Chapter 21.1.
- Internet sites and textbooks related to flow meter and instrument verification and calibration.